Recommended Tree Species for City of Billings

Large Trees 40 ft. and up					
30 to 40 feet spacing between trees recommended					
Species	Zone	Notes			
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White Fur	4	Light colored needles that stand up			
Abies concolor					
Norway Spruce	3	Pendulous branches. Largest and fastest growing of			
Picea abies		the spruces. Large cones.			
Ponderosa Pine	3	Long needles, native			
Pinus ponderosa					
Serbian Spruce	4				
Picea omorika					
Colorado Blue Spruce	3	Varies in color from gray-green to blue-green. Sharp			
Picea pungens		needles			
Douglas Fir	4	Soft needles			
Pseudotsuga menziessi					
American Elm	4	Fast growing, need training when young. New			
Ulmus Americana		varieties are dutch elm resistant.			
Multiple varieties		Call for recomendation			
Elm Hybrids	4	Dutch elm resistant. Easier to train than American			
Accolade and Triumph are excellent		elm. Call for recommendation.			
Bur Oak	3	Ph adaptable, more tolerant of city conditions than			
Quercus macrocarpa		most oaks. Small round galls can make tree unsightly			
		in the winter but is harmless to tree.			
Swamp White Oak	4	Chlorosis can occur in high alkaline soil.			
Quercus bicolor					
Northern Red Oak	4				
Quercus rubra					
Scarlet Oak	4				
Quercus coccinea					
Northern Pin Oak	4				
Quercus elipsoidalis					
Regal Prince Oak	4	Columnar shape, very narrow, good next to a tall			
Quercus x warei 'Long'		building.			
Ginkgo		Very slow growing. Can live hundreds of years.			
Ginkgo biloba					
Northern Hackberry	3	Nipple gall makes leaves unattractive but is harmless			
Celtis occidentalis		to tree. Very tolerant of wind and cold. Salt			
		intolerant.			
American Linden	3	Pyramidal shape. Salt intolerant.			
Tilia Americana					
Kentucky Coffeetree	3	No serious pest problems.			
Gymnocladus dioicus					
Northern Catalpa	4	8" to 12" long bean-like fruit capsules persist on tree			
Catalpa speciosa		through winter.			

Japanese Zelkova	4	Similar to American elm
Zelkova serrata 'Green Vase'		
Bloodgood London Planetree	4	Will grow in about anything, mostly disease resistant.
Plantanus x acerifolia 'Bloodgood'		
Norway Maple	3	Shallow spreading root system.
Acer platanoides multiple varieties		
Columnar Norway Maple	4	Narrow, upright, and compact
Acer platanoides 'Columnare'		
Freeman Maple	3	Fast growing, cross between red and silver maple,
Acer freemainii 'Multiple varieties'		yellow, orange, red fall colors
Sugar Maple	3	Excellent fall colors from yellow and orange to red.
Acer saccarum 'multiple varieties'		
State Street Maple	4	Larger and more hardy alternative to Hedge Maple.
Acer miyabei 'Morton'		
Silver Maple	3	Fast growing tolerates tough conditions but is weak
Acer Saccharinum		wooded. Do not plant around high target areas.
Turkish Filbert	4	Thrives in adverse conditions. Currently being tested
Corylus colurna		in Billings
Honeylocust	4	Good urban tree but has been overplanted.
Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis		
'Skyline' or 'Shademaster'		
Eastern Cottonwood	2	Very large tree, do not plant around high target
Multiple varieties		areas, branches break easily

Medium Trees 25 ft. to 40 ft. 20 to 30 feet spacing between trees recommended

Species	Zone	Notes
Black Hills Spruce	3	Short blue-green needles. Shapley.
Picea glauca densata		
Austrian Pine	3	Two needle pine, fast growing
Pinus nigra		
Limber Pine	2	Native 5 needle pine
Pinus flexalis		
Swiss Stone Pine	4	5 needle pine
Pinus cembra		
Amur Corktree		Shallow spreading root system
Bigtooth Maple	4	Red fall color
Acer grandidentatum		
Cladrastus kentukea	4	
Crimson King Norway Maple	4	Maroon foliage all summer
Acer platanoides		

Deborah Norway maple	4	Leaves emerge red then turn maroon then dark
Acer platenoides 'Deborah'		bronze-green, finally turning to bronze in the fall.
Hedge Maple	4	Best maple for dry alkaline soils, low branching,
Acer campestre		dense shade, slow growing.
Sensation Box Elder	4	Male, improved branch structure from species, very
Acer negundo 'Sensation'		fast growing.
Red Maple	4	Susceptible to chlorosis in the high ph soils of Billings
Acer Rubrum multiple varieties		
Shantung Maple	4	Green glossy leaves turning yellow orange to bright
Acer truncatum 'Pacific Sunset'		red in the fall.
River Birch	4	Resistant to Bronze Birch Borer and Japanese Beetle
Betula nigra 'Heritage'		
Katsuratree	4	Needs ample water, slow growing
Cercidiphyllum japonicum		
Ohio Buckeye	4	Can get leaf scorch in summer, best in light shade.
Aesculus glabra		Nuts are poisonous.
Horsechestnut	3	Very little seadpods
Aesculus hippocastanum		
Hybrid Horsechestnut	4	
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Honeylocust	4	Overplanted in Billings, very tough tree but will get
Multiple varieties available		spider mites with extreme heat and drought.
Goldenrain Tree	4	Tolerant of soil extremes. No serious pest problems.
Koelreuteria paniculata		
American hophornbeam	3	
Ostrya virginiana		
Littleleaf Linden	4	Pyramidal shape. Overplanted in Billings area.
Tilia cordata		
Harvest Gold Linden	3	Yellow fall color, exfoliating red bark.
Tilia x mongolica 'Harvest Gold'		,
Dakota Pinnacle Asian White Birch	3	Good resistance to Bronze Birch Borer, drought
Betula platyphylla 'Fargo'		tolerant, adaptability to heavy clay soils and fairly
- F / F		high ph.
Paper Birch	3	Fast growing, white bark
Betula papyrifera		3,
American Hornbeam	3	No pest problems, no litter, slow growing, beautiful
Carpinus caroliniana		fall color.
Turkish Filburt	4	Pest-free, tolerates drought and alkaline soil.
Corylus colurna	•	
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Small Trees 15 ft. to 25 ft. 10 to 20 feet spacing between trees recommended				
Rocky Mountain Juniper	3			
Juniperis scopulorum				
Mugo Pine	2	To 15 feet		
Pinus mugo				
Bristlecone Pine	4	Small, very slow growing		
Pinus aristata				
Amur maple	2	Low branched or multi-stemmed tree, brilliant		
Acer ginnala		orange-red to deep red.		
Tatarian Maple	3	Bright red samaras, adaptable to dry, high ph soils		
Acer tataricum		and cold winters.		
Robin Hill Serviceberry	3	Edible berries		
Amelanchier grandiflora 'Robin Hill'				
Autumn Brilliance Serviceberry	4			
Amelanchier x grandiflora 'Autumn				
Brilliance'				
Eastern Redbud	4	Needs protection from cold and wind		
Cercis Canadensis				
Amur Maackia	3	Blooms late summer, ornamental seed pods and		
Maackia amurensis		bark offers winter interest.		
Amur Chokecherry	2	Glossy bronze-colored bark		
Prunus maackii				
Newport Plum	3			
Prunus Newport				
Thundercloud Plum	5			
Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud'				
Mountain Frost Pear	3	Heavily flowering, beautiful fall tree.		
Pyrus usseriensis 'Bailfrost'				
European Mountain Ash	3	Susceptible to sunscald		
Sorbus aucuparia				
China Snow Tree Lilac	3			
Syringa pekinensis 'China Snow'				
Ivory Silk Lilac	4			
Syringa reticulata 'Ivory Silk'				

Planting Tips

- Avoid planting trees to deep. The trees first major root should be at ground level. Often time's trees come too deep from the nursery and require having soil removed from the top of the root ball to reach the proper planting depth.
- ❖ Keep sod away from the trees stem. The use of mulch is highly advised. Place 2-3 inches deep, out to the drip line of the tree but not up against the tree.
- ❖ Watering trees require different watering requirements than turf. Trees should be watered before and after planting. Deep root watering should be done until the tree is established approximately every 7-10 days.
- Do not fertilize in first year of planting.
- Call 811 for underground utilities prior to any digging.